SOCIAL SERVICES FORMULA GRANTS

What States Can Fund

States must use its social service funds primarily for employability services designed to enable refugees to obtain jobs within one year of becoming enrolled in services in order to achieve economic self-sufficiency as soon as possible. Social Services may continue to be provided after a refugee has entered a job to help the refugee retain employment or move to a better job. The scope of refugee social services is as follows:

400.154 EMPLOYABILITY SERVICES

Employability Services that a State may fund are:

- Employment Services
- Employability Assessment Services
- On-the-Job Training
- English Language Instruction
- Vocational Training
- Skills Recertification *
- Day Care for Children
- Transportation
- Translation and Interpreter Services
- Case Management Services
- Assistance in Obtaining Employment Authorization Documents (EAD) (effective as of April 21, 2000)

^{*} Effective April 21, 2000, this service is amended by limiting professional refresher training and other recertification services only to individuals who are working (refer to Section 400.81(b)).

What States Can Not Fund

- States may NOT use Social Service funds to pay for the cost of Employment Authorization Documents (EADs). (effective as of April 21, 2000)
- Social Service funds may NOT be used for long-term training programs such as vocational training that last for more than a year or educational programs that are not intended to lead to employment within a year.

400.155 OTHER SERVICES

A State may provide the following "Other Services" for a purpose other than in connection with employment or participation in employability services:

- Information and Referral Services
- Outreach Services
- Social Adjustment Services, such as Emergency Services; Health-related Services and Home Management Services.
- Day Care for Children
- Transportation
- Translation and Interpreter Services
- Case Management Services
- Any Additional Service, upon submission to and approval by the Director, ORR.
- Citizenship and Naturalization Services, such as English language training and civics instruction to prepare refugees for citizenship; application assistance for adjustment to legal permanent resident status and citizenship status; assistance to disabled refugees in obtaining disability waivers from English and civics requirements for naturalization; and the provision of interpreter services for the citizenship interview, as needed. (effective as of April 21, 2000)

What States Can Not Fund

In addition to those services listed above that are NOT allowable Employability Services, include the following:

A State may NOT provide services, except for citizenship and naturalization preparation services and, referral and interpreter services to refugees who have been in the U.S. for more than 60 months (refer to Section 400.152(b)).

TARGETED ASSISTANCE FORMULA GRANTS

What States Can Fund:

A State must use its targeted assistance funds primarily for employability services designed to enable refugees to obtain jobs with less than one year's participation in the targeted assistance program in order to achieve economic self-sufficiency as soon as possible. Targeted assistance services may continue to be provided after a refugee has entered a job to help the refugee retain employment or move to a better job.

The scope of targeted assistance services provided by a State is the same as those services listed in Subparts 400.154 and 400.155, with the exception of:

 Any Additional Services, upon submission to and approval by the Director of ORR.

What States Can Not Fund:

- Targeted assistance funds may NOT be used for long-term training programs such as vocational training that last for more than a year or educational programs that are not intended to lead to employment within a year.
- States may NOT use Targeted Assistance funds to pay for the cost of Employment Authorization Documents (EADs). (as of April 21, 2000)

A State may NOT provide services, except for citizenship and naturalization preparation services and, referral and interpreter services to refugees who have been in the U.S. for more than 60 months. (refer to Section 400.152(b)